

The Chinese riots in Bangkok appear to have been solely due to society or clan disputes, and the fighting, as well as all acts of intolerance, was confined to the partisans of the respective disputants. The riot developed, however, into one of most formidable proportions, some thousands of coolies being engaged in the fray, many of whom were armed with spears and swords. They attacked the British consular residence, and they did not slack in using these, and much blood was shed. Fortunately no serious attempt was made, even by the most rowdy of the bell-ringers, to interfere either with foreigners with their property, and though the Siamese police were wholly powerless to restore order the troops found no great difficulty in dispersing the gangs, upwards of 100 of whom were eventually taken into custody, some caught *flagrante delicto*. As to the methods employed in hunting down the fugitives after they had been dispersed by the Siamese cavalry, it is to be feared that the latter were not very particular, and more blood was shed than seemed necessary. It is to be regretted that, on no other hand, that the riot was forgotten, on the same day, by the British authorities, so completely determined and sanguinary nature of it was imperative that the leaders at least should be arrested and such a blow struck at the organization as would prevent any renewing the combat on the following day. These clan feuds among the Chinese are very common, and the most vicious character, and the most dangerous have to be met with here. In Siam, where it is estimated there are at least a million Chinese, it is of

As the contagiousness of leprosy, this is so powerfully demonstrated by the case of Father DAMIAN, that it is incontestable there is no doubt, and what more probable than that in his devoted attention to the lepers on Molokai the devoted priest may have overlooked a scratch on his skin, with which the virus of the disease has come in contact. On the other hand the negative evidence of Father DAMIAN is equally very strong. The writer of the letter under notice says that after going through the various buildings of the Lepers Asylum at Mowapo, Trinidad, and seeing the unfortunate patients in every form of this hideous and mutilative disease, he said to the Lady Superintendent (of Dominica) "I have seen nothing that is more contagious for fourteen years." "Have you so feared of contagion?" "Not the slightest," she promptly replied. "And you and your assistants do all that conscientious nursing requires?" "Certainly, and feel it a joy and privilege to be of service to these afflicted people." "Has any case of infection by leprosy been detected?" "No," she answered. "I have been reported during your superintendence?" "Not one." This experience was confirmed at the Lazaretto, Barbados, and elsewhere, and some of the nurses and attendants had been employed from ten to thirty-two years. At the same time it must be confessed that the contagion of leprosy is not so easily spread in the West Indies to be carried to extremes. Lepers exude virus with their breath.

The Acting Attorney-General thought the application an extraordinary one, but raised no objection and the amendments were granted.

At this point Mr. Mendel, who had been called as a witness, turned to the address in London ship. He said he knew absolutely nothing with regard to this case, but he was summoned as a witness. If he remained in Court all day long he wished to know what compensation he was to have for the neglect of his business.

His Lordship said he could not say for what reason Mr. Mendel had been called. With regard to the attendance of witnesses he understood that a great number of business men had been called for and many of them had not

to the evidence that this defense is against the public interest and convenience and is a deliberate fabrication in order to enable the defendant to evade his liabilities under the contract.

Mr. Pollock then read the petition and answer. The petition was as follows:

"The plaintiff is Plaintiff-Respondent and, limited, resides in Hongkong.

"The defendant is a Hong Kong jobber and broker, also residing in Hongkong.

"By a contract in writing dated the 16th January 1888 made between the plaintiff and this broker and confirmed by the defendant, the said jobber agreed to purchase for the defendant 50 shares of the Hongkong and Shanghai Manufacturing Company Limited at the price of \$84 per share cum all date, the terms being cash on delivery of the said shares on or about the 1st March 1888.

"On or about the 27th March last a dividend at the rate of 32 per share was declared in respect of the shares in the said Company.

"On or about the 1st March 1889 the defendant refused to deliver the said 50 shares in accordance with the said contract and has refused and intends to deliver the same at a lower price than the said 32 per share.

"On or about the 31st March 1889 the market value of the said shares was \$200 or thereabouts, and the defendant has refused to deliver and recuse as aforesaid the plaintiff has suffered damages to the amount, following: (that is to say) the sum of \$5,350, being the difference between the sum of \$5,350 price of the said 50 shares at the market value of about the 31st March 1889 and the sum of \$500 being the said dividend on the said 50 shares, making in all the aggregate sum of \$5,850.

"The defendant has not been fulfilled all things have happened and all times have elapsed necessary to entitle the plaintiff to the relief hereinunto prayed.

[illegible][illegible]

to tell him I was going to the bank-  
for an advance on some "Bones." He said  
I was going to the bank, and I went  
went together. Mr. Shawan was in the room  
I was talking to Mr. Whitehead, the man-  
I did not make a joint application. I  
easily on that matter what Mr.  
Mr. Shawan and Mr. Shawan was  
Before we met at the bank there was  
agreement or suggestion between Mr. Shawan  
with reference to holding Rope shares.  
that Mr. Shawan was going to hold  
that shares were doing very well and  
he was to hold them. That was probably  
weeks before I went to the bank. Mr.  
Shan had never mentioned to me any agreement  
between him and Mr. Whitehead. I  
Mr. Shawan advised me not to sell as  
were short-sellers and I should get a good  
for Mr. Shawan. Some weeks before the 31st  
of March I went to the bank and  
doing well. This might have influenced my  
purchase of shares. I never had any con-  
sultation with Mr. Shawan about holding shares  
in the bank. He gave me to understand  
there was some money in the bank  
was not to sell. That was not before I went  
to the bank for an advance. Mr. Shawan  
and me not to sell but asked me for the  
of the bank. I was not to sell. I was to  
my shares, but not under \$178. I was  
of my instructions that he was not to sell  
on the 31st March. If Mr. Shawan says  
that week place before we went to the bank  
I could not have sold my shares. I was  
not to buy these shares of Mr. James.  
I never repaid Mr. Wotton's loan. I am  
giving him interest at 7 per cent. on that  
loan. I am not giving him any more  
of my money. I only told him I would  
do it. He got that price. I also told him



gave him no financial assistance. Grimble 3210 highest; 3120 lowest." In that week the

grain. On the 14th January he sold 500 shares at \$890 for delivery 31st March. on the 16th January 4 shares at \$920 and on the 17th January 4 shares at \$920. On the 18th January 150 shares at \$92 delivery 31st January. On the 19th February I bought 200 shares, 100 at \$920 and 100 at \$920. On the 20th February which he was to return to our firm. He moved these shares to our firm and was to have returned them to our firm on the 23rd February. I gave him \$1000 for these on his behalf for our firm. These prices were the lowest I could get.

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7250 • J. Neurosci., September 24, 2008 • 28(39):7245–7254



[illegible]







No. 28      號六十二百八千九第      日六十月六年五十緒光      HONGKONG, SATURDAY JULY 13<sup>TH</sup>, 1889.

## NEW ADVE

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 URGENT HEALTH RESORT.  
 VERY SOBER AND BEAUTIFUL  
 KARAYAS HOT L.  
 In situation, excellent Be Rooms,  
 floors, and eye view of the sea.  
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 for intending visitors to engage rooms  
 graph from Kobe or Yokohama. 1469

RUAY), 13th instant, at 4.50 p.m.  
A. S. HILTON HOOOPER,  
Honorary Secretary.  
Kong, 13th July, 1988. 189

THE SUPREME COURT OF  
HONGKONG.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

MATTER OF MOK YEUNG SHAN  
HU HIN SHAN, Bankrupts.

NOTICE is hereby given that MOK  
YEUNG SHAN and HU HIN SHAN,  
No 104, Banham Strand, Victoria, in  
any of Hongkong's Traders, having been  
declared bankrupt under a Creditors' Petition  
submitted and filed in this Honourable Court  
on the 14th day of May 1988, are hereby re-  
quired to deliver themselves to HONGKONG  
SHERIFF, Acting Registrar of the said

to be held before the said Acting  
on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day  
1888, at 11 o'clock in the FORENOON  
y, at the Supreme Court house.  
said BRUCE SHEPHERD is the Official  
and Messrs. EWENS & REECE are the  
in the Bankruptcy.  
The said First Meeting of Creditors the  
ting Registrar will receive the Proofs  
Debts of the Creditors, and those Cre-  
ditors shall have assessed at the Pro-

persons in Assignee or Assignees of the  
Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, to be called  
Creditors Assignee or Assignees.  
Persons indebted to the said Bankrupts  
or of them or having in their possession  
or belonging to them or either of them,  
liability not to pay or hand the same over  
to Person or Persons other than the said  
Assignee.

W. & Schuchtmann will leave for the

Freight or Passage apply to  
**MELCHERS & Co.,**  
 Agents.  
 Hong, 13th July, 1889. [7]

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**ORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.**  
 TO YOKOHAMA, KOBE, AND  
 NAGASAKI  
 (passing through the INLAND SEA.)

"GENERAL WERDER."  
M. Bichel, will leave for the above  
O-DAY, the 13th inst, by 4  
Weight or Passage, apply to  
ME. CHERS  
Agent  
Hong, 23th July, 1889. 7  
"PIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

"DEN IGHSHIRE"  
 Vryyan, will be despatched for the  
 exports on or about the 20th instant.  
 Freight or Passage, apply to  
 ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,  
 Agents.  
 Hong, 13th July, 1889. 7108-

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NEW YORK, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

"PORT CAROLINE."  
Commander. will be despatched for  
Port about the 30th inst.  
Freight or Passage apply to  
ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hong, 18th July, 1889. 1470

RESERVANCE LODGE OF  
HONGKONG,  
No. 1165.  
GENERAL MEETING of the above  
LODGE will be held in the FREE-  
HALL, Zetland Street, on TUESDAY,  
July, at 5 for 5.30 P.M., precisely.  
Brethren are cordially invited.  
Hong, 12th July, 1889. [1463]

ARF & GODOWN COMPANY,  
LIMITED.  
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.  
Notice is hereby given that an IN-  
TERIM DIVIDEND of TWO AND A  
HALF paise per share will be payable to  
persons who are registered Shareholders  
on July 1, 1899.  
TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company

EDWARD OSBORNE,  
Acting Secretary.  
1403

mode of service will be the same as that  
completion of the Contract, which ex-  
October, 1890.

For the appointment must have  
experience in Earth Work and Concrete  
laying water mains and in fixing  
irregular.

Applications must be made in writing to the  
Board, on or before 31st July, 1889,  
giving age and qualifications, and enclosing

D. G. PRESGRAVE,  
 Secretary,  
 Municipal Commissioners.  
 Office, Town Hall,  
 13th June, 1889.

INGS and known as "SIA"  
KULANGHO, AMOX.  
Particulars, apply to







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